

THE EUGENICS SOCIETY.

ANNUAL REPORT
1931-32.

Offices:
20, GROSVENOR GARDENS
S.W.1.

Eugenics Society, 1931-2.

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A. BRADFORD HILL, D.Sc.	

OBJECTS.

I. Persistently to set forth the National Importance of Eugenics in order to modify public opinion, and create a sense of responsibility in the respect of bringing all matters pertaining to parenthood under the domination of Eugenic ideals.

II. To spread a knowledge of the laws of heredity so far as they are surely known, and so far as that knowledge may affect the improvement of the race.

III. To further Eugenic Teaching, at home, in the schools, and elsewhere.

"*The Eugenics Review*," the journal of the Society, is published quarterly, price Three Shillings per number, or Twelve Shillings per annum, post free.

Applications for Fellowship and Membership should be addressed to the General Secretary, Eugenics Society, 20, Grosvenor Gardens, London, S.W.1. Fellows, who are elected by the Council and vote on all matters concerning the constitution, pay one guinea per annum; Members pay ten shillings per annum. Both Fellows and Members receive the EUGENICS REVIEW free, and are entitled to attend lectures, discussions and general meetings, and have the use of the library.

Those who are not members can subscribe for the EUGENICS REVIEW. Communications regarding subscriptions to the EUGENICS REVIEW should be addressed to Messrs. Macmillan & Co., Ltd., 10, St. Martin's Street, London, W.C.2.

Editorial Communications should be addressed to The Editorial Committee. Books and Periodicals for review should be addressed to The Editor, Eugenics Society, 20, Grosvenor Gardens, S.W.1.

LIBRARY AND OFFICE HOURS: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Wednesdays and Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.



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ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING, 1931.

The Annual General Meeting was held in the Rooms of the Royal Society, Burlington House, W.1., on Wednesday, May 13th, 1931, at 4 p.m.

Sir Bernard Mallet, K.C.B., in the Chair.

MINUTES. The Minutes of the Annual General Meeting held on Tuesday, May 20th, 1930, were taken as read, and signed.

ANNUAL REPORT. The Chairman on behalf of the Council presented the Annual Report which was unanimously adopted.

FINANCIAL REPORT. The Honorary Treasurer presented the Statement of Accounts and Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st December 1930. This was unanimously adopted.

The Auditors of the Society, Messrs. West and Drake, were unanimously re-elected.

ELECTION OF HONORARY OFFICERS AND COUNCIL. The Chair was vacated by Sir Bernard Mallet and taken by Major Leonard Darwin, who presented the following list of Honorary Officers for re-election:—

PRESIDENT. Sir Bernard Mallet.

VICE-PRESIDENTS—Dr. C. J. Bond	Dr. R. Langdon-Down.
Lady Chambers	Professor E. B. Poulton
Dr. R. A. Fisher	Rt. Hon. Lord Salvesen.

HONORARY SECRETARIES. D. Ward Cutler, Esq. Hon. Mrs. Grant Duff.

HONORARY TREASURER. B. S. Bramwell, Esq.

HONORARY LIBRARIAN: Miss E. Corry.

These were unanimously re-elected.

Ballot papers were handed to all fellows present, and a clean ballot was declared, the following being thereby constituted Council of the Society for the ensuing year:—

K. B. Aikman, M.D., M.R.C.P.	Professor Julian Huxley, M.A.
The Lady Askwith, C.B.E.	The Very Rev. W. R. Inge, D.D.,
W. Russell Brain, M.D., M.R.C.P.	K.C.V.O.
C. F. Chance	Aubrey J. Lewis, M.B., M.R.C.P..
Major A. G. Church, D.S.O., M.P.	E. J. Lidbetter.
Mrs. Stella Churchill, M.R.C.S.,	Edward Mapother, M.D., F.R.C.S.
L.R.C.P.	F.R.C.P.
Professor F. A. E. Crew, M.D., D.Sc.	Maurice Newfield, M.R.C.S.,
C. V. Drysdale, O.B.E., D.Sc.	L.R.C.P.
R. Austin Freeman, M.R.C.S.	Michael Pease, M.A.
Professor R. Ruggles Gates	Capt. G. H. Pitt-Rivers, B.Sc.
R. A. Gibbons, M.D., F.R.C.S.	Mrs. E. E. Potton
R. D. Gillespie, M.D., M.R.C.P.	Rev. J. C. Pringle
C. E. Goddard, M.D.	W. P. Pycraft, D.Sc., F.L.S
T. S. Good, O.B.E., M.R.C.S.,	F.Z.S.
L.R.C.P.	Maitland Radford, M.D., M.R.C
W. T. J. Gun, F.R.Hist.S., F.S.G.	L.R.C.P.
A. Bradford Hill, D.Sc.	Mrs. Helena Reid.
	J. A. Fraser Roberts, B.Sc.
	Mrs. Neville Rolfe, O.B.E.
	F. C. S. Schiller, M.A., D.Sc.

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ANNUAL REPORT, 1931-32.

GENERAL.

In a short speech delivered at the Galton Dinner, Sir Bernard Mallet, the President of the Society, drew attention to the growing favour with which the principles of Eugenics are being received by the public in this country. Though the Society cannot take the credit for all of this welcome change of opinion, its activities have no doubt contributed substantially to it. Subscriptions to clubs and societies are apt to be first sacrificed in a programme of private economy, and though the resignations from the Society have accordingly been large, it is gratifying to note that these have been more than counter-balanced by a considerable list of new fellows and members. Among these is to be observed a proportion probably larger than that in any previous year, of members of the medical profession. Among a total of 82 new fellows and members, 16 have been doctors. In so far as it will be under the guidance of doctors that the principles of negative eugenics will be put into effect, this is a departure which is to be welcomed, especially as it is upon them that the onus of providing safeguards will rest.

In the course of the year under review, Mrs. C. B. S. Hodson, in order to meet the situation referred to in the report on Finance, sent in her resignation (which becomes effective at the end of July, 1932) from the post of Lecturer to the Society. She intends to continue her work for eugenics and desires it to be known that any requests for help from Fellows and Members, whether in the way of lecturing or organising will be most welcome. The Council has passed a Resolution recommending her co-optation by the next Council. It would be difficult to exaggerate the debt of gratitude which the Society owes to Mrs. Hodson for the loyal and unstinting services which she has given ever since the year 1921, when she first became its Secretary, to the present time. Only those who have worked intimately with her know how ungrudgingly she has given her time and energies to the furtherance of the Society's interests. Mrs. Hodson's work as Honorary Secretary of the International Federation of Eugenic Organisations is independent of her work for this Society, and it is to be hoped that the same intimate and harmonious relation between the International Federation and the Society, which has always obtained in the past, will continue in the future. In recognition of Mrs. Hodson's services to the Society during the last eleven years, the Council has founded a C. B. S. HODSON ENDOWMENT FUND of £500, of which a sum not exceeding £50 in any one year may be used in any way that Mrs. Hodson may direct for the advancement of the eugenics movement during her life-time.

In the direction of negative eugenics, there are two distinct categories of people whose fertility should be restricted, namely, sufferers from specific hereditary diseases, defects and disabilities, and members of the assemblage designated by the Mental Deficiency Committee as the Social Problem Group. The Society is at present engaged in an attempt to give practical application to the limitation of the first group by means of a book on Eugenic Prognosis in Inherited Disease, which the General Secretary is editing. In regard to the Social Problem Group the first step is to delimit and define the somewhat vague conception of that term which was advanced by the Mental Deficiency Committee, and the Society is now drawing up the frame work of an investigation for this purpose. This Group has been closely and intensively studied in a single area by Mr. E. J. Lidbetter, and it is of the first importance that similar studies should be encouraged in other places. Both these enterprises are described elsewhere in this Report.

The vacancy in the list of Vice-Presidents created by the resignation of Professor E. W. MacBride has been filled by Sir Thomas Horder, Bart., K.C.V.O., M.D., F.R.C.P.

The Staff of the Society is now as follows:—

Mrs. G. Collyer	Business Secretary.
Miss G. W. Dunn	Stenographer
Miss F. M. Perry	Stenographer.
Dr. C. P. Blacker	General Secretary

The Society is indebted to Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Hussey, Mrs. Laura Henderson, Mrs. Anstruther and the Dean of Durham for the loan of their houses and drawing rooms for meetings arranged by the Society.

FINANCE.

World conditions and the Australian situation have made the realisation of the Twitchin Estate and its re-investment a difficult and protracted business. A finance committee consisting of The Hon. Treasurer, Mr. C. F. Chance and Mr. W. T. J. Gun are engaged in this matter, and considerable progress has been made, though much remains to be done. Up to date it has not been possible to dispose of the two villas at Nice. No revenue is received from them and their upkeep remains a charge on the income of the bequest.

The Society's expenditure was again in excess of its income by a sum of £612 11s. 9d. In explanation of this state of affairs, it should be stated that the Council did not consider it wise to curtail promising work which had aroused considerable public interest during the transitional period when the Twitchin Estate was being realised. Steps have been taken in other directions to curtail expenditure so as to bring our outgoings more into line with our income in the present year, during which we are still unlikely to receive the full benefit of the Twitchin bequest.

A fund has been formed by setting aside a sum not to exceed £1,000 for the purpose of subsidising the publication of works of eugenic importance, the cost of which can only be recovered in whole or part over a series of years. Hitherto such expenditure has been a direct charge against the year in which it was incurred. It is proposed under the new scheme to spread the cost over a period of four years. Pamphlets and other lesser productions in the nature of propaganda will not be chargeable against this fund but will form a charge against the revenue of the year.

REVIEW.

In order to help the Society over a period of financial difficulty, Mr. Eldon Moore resigned his position as paid Editor, and has undertaken to edit the Review in an honorary capacity.

The Council wishes to express its keen appreciation of the efficient way in which Mr. Eldon Moore has managed the Review during the period of his editorship and of his generosity in undertaking to help the Society in an honorary capacity. In doing this, the Council is voicing the expressed opinions and feelings of many Fellows and Members about the Review. The Review is still produced under the direction of an Editorial Committee now consisting of: Mr. D. Ward Cutler, Dr. R. Langdon-Down and Miss E. Corry.

LIBRARY.

The Library now consists of 2170 volumes, apart from periodicals, bound and otherwise. Both the books and pamphlets have been more consulted than in previous years, but the members, on the whole, make small use of the literature available. We have to thank those reviewers who kindly returned books for the use of the library, thus avoiding the necessity of new purchases.

The Council wishes to express its warm appreciation of Miss E. Corry's painstaking and efficient work as Honorary Librarian.

GALTON DINNER AND LECTURE.

The Galton Dinner took place on Tuesday, February 16th, 1932, at the Rembrandt Hotel. Afterwards Mr. E. J. Lidbetter read a most interesting paper on the "Social Problem Group." Never before has a Galton Dinner been so fully

attended. There were present 153 persons among whom were included the following guests of the Society:—

Sir Basil Blackett
Mr. E. C. Blight
Mrs. Blight.
Professor Jameson
Sir Allan Powell
Lady Powell.
Lord Riddell
Sir Leslie Scott.
Mr. Sieff
Sir Squire Sprigge.

In the course of his lecture, Mr. Ladbetter showed a number of charts and diagrams illustrating the familial incidence of various forms of social inadequacy in the East London area in which he has worked since the year 1908. Mr. Ladbetter kindly consented to give this address in order to help to carry out the practical policy for the year 1932 set forth by Sir Bernard Mallet in an article which appeared in the issue of the *Review* of October, 1931. In this article he expressed himself in the following terms: "I would suggest that as, in the year 1931, we have drawn public attention to the idea of legalising eugenic sterilization, so, in the year 1932, we bring before the public the idea of a 'Social Problem Group.' Such a procedure would be a wholly logical development of our activities this year, in that the ultimate aim of our sterilization policy is not to confine the measure to sufferers from mental defects and diseases, but rather to make it voluntarily practicable within the social problem group." A vote of thanks was moved by Mr. J. C. Pringle and seconded by Lord Riddell. In reply, Mr. Ladbetter made an excellent extempore speech in which he stated that while wholly in favour of the proposals of this Society for legalising eugenic sterilization, he did not consider this measure in any sense a final solution of the social problems he had described in his lecture. The Society's sterilization proposals constituted one of the methods of dealing with the problem.

MEMBERS' MEETINGS.

The following Members' Meetings have been held in the rooms of the Linnean Society, Burlington House:—

28th April 1931.—"Genetic Problems in Psychiatry," by Aubrey J. Lewis, M.D., M.R.C.P. Chairman: Professor Julian Huxley. (Published in *Eugenics Review* July 1931).

25th November 1931.—"Race and Temperament," by Professor C. G. Seligman, F.R.S. Chairman: Sir Bernard Mallet, K.C.B.

19th January 1932.—Symposium on "Eugenics and Party Politics." Chief Speakers: Mr. H. Brewer, Wing Commander A. W. H. James, Miss Ellen Wilkinson, Mr. Cecil Binney. Chairman: Sir Bernard Mallet, K.C.B.

15th March 1932—"Eugenics and Blindness," by J. Myles Bickerton, F.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. Chairman: C. J. Bond, C.M.G., F.R.C.S.

The object of the meeting on Eugenics and Party Politics was to emphasize the fact that the principles of Eugenics, when impartially stated, are equally compatible with the ideals of all the political parties. This meeting was very well attended, and the speech of Miss Ellen Wilkinson, who is not a member of the Society, was warmly applauded.

Mr. Myles Bickerton's paper on "Eugenics and Blindness" received more attention from the Press than any other meeting of the Society held for the last two years. Notices of it appeared in 23 different papers.

BOOK ON EUGENIC PROGNOSIS IN INHERITED DISEASE.

The contents of this book, which was briefly commented on in the 1930-31 Annual Report, will be as follows:—

- Preface by Sir Humphry Rolleston, Bart., G.C.V.O., K.C.B., M.D.
1. Introductory Chapter on Genetic Principles—Prof. R. Gates, F.R.S.
 2. Mental Deficiency—Henry Herd, M.A., M.B.
 3. Mental Disorders—A. J. Lewis, M.D., M.R.C.P.
 4. Epilepsy—W. Russell Brain, M.D., F.R.C.P.

5. Hereditary diseases of Special Sense Organs
Eyes, L. Duke Elder, D.Sc., Ph.D., M.D., F.R.C.S.
Ears, R. J. Cann, M.S., F.R.C.S.
6. Hereditary neurological diseases (other than the above) and myopathies—
W. Russell Brain, M.D., F.R.C.P.
7. Hereditary skeletal diseases—H. A. Harris, D.Sc., M.B.
8. Hereditary gastro-intestinal diseases—M. E. Shaw, M.D., M.R.C.P.
9. Hereditary cardio-vascular diseases—Maurice Campbell, M.D., F.R.C.P.
10. Hereditary Blood diseases—L. J. Witts, M.D., F.R.C.P.
11. Asthma and allergic diseases—George Bray, M.B., Ch. M.
12. Diabetes and hereditary endocrine diseases
Diabetes—R. D. Lawrence, M.D., M.R.C.P.
Cretinism and goitre—H. Gardiner-Hill, M.B.E., M.D., F.R.C.P.
13. Tuberculosis—E. R. Boland, M.R.C.P., D.P.H.
14. Cancer—A. Piney, M.D., M.R.C.P.
15. Hereditary skin diseases—L. Forman, M.D., M.R.C.P.
16. Hereditary renal diseases—A. A. Osman, D.S.C., M.R.C.P.
17. The Analysis of Pedigrees—Prof. L. Hogben, M.A., D.Sc.

Three quarters of these contributions have already been received. The arrangements about publishers and price are not yet complete.

RECORDING OF HUMAN PEDIGREES.

The Society has produced two schedules. The first was prepared in response to the request of a contributor to the Society's forthcoming book on Eugenic Prognosis in Inherited Disease, and is intended for the recording of pathological pedigrees. It has the specific object of furnishing the data necessary to enable a eugenic prognosis to be given in cases of doubtful or bad heredity. The symbolism used is a modification of that adopted by the International Federation of Eugenic Organisations in 1928. There has been a fair demand for these schedules, which received favourable reviews in the medical Press. The instructions are so drawn up that the pedigrees can be recorded by intelligent inquirers. The price is 6d. The second schedule is designed for the preparation of full pedigree records for genealogical purposes in such a way as to bring out their eugenic aspects. The symbolism is the same, but the form is more elaborate and the material of better quality. No expense has been spared to produce the best and most durable result. These schedules are sold at ten shillings, and the cost price is very little below this. The sale has hitherto been satisfactory.

STERILIZATION.

On July 21st, 1931, Major A. G. Church, Member for Central Wandsworth, asked leave to introduce the Society's Sterilization Bill in the House of Commons under the Ten-Minutes Rule. Leave was refused by 167 votes to 89. A scrutiny of the voting lists showed that a large proportion of members who voted against the bill belonged to the Labour Party. These were doubtless influenced by the contention of Dr. H. Morgan, who opposed the bill, that the measure involved anti-working-class legislation. A large number of members sympathetically disposed to the bill abstained from voting for fear of alienating their Roman Catholic constituents.

At the present time, the Society's proposals encounter two main forms of opposition, the first of which will probably prove insuperable, but the second of which is emphatically capable of being overcome. The opposition of the Roman Catholic Church has been very clearly formulated in the Papal Encyclical on Christian Marriage which appeared on the 31st December, 1930. The belief, however, that the Society's proposals are opposed to the interests of the working classes is so fundamentally at variance with the facts that the Committee for Legalising Eugenic Sterilization has set itself as chief task for this year the dissipation of this misconception.

The Committee wishes to emphasize that the uncertainties of the legal position in regard to sterilization which arises from the Offences against Persons Act of 1863 result in a discrimination against the poor in the following way:—

Though it is extremely unlikely that a Court of Law would pronounce a sterilizing operation illegal when carried out upon a person who, while *compos mentis*, suffers from a hereditary disease or defect, the remote possibility that this may occur results in the fact that no difficulties are placed in the way of such a person being sterilized who can afford to pay surgeon's fees, while it is practically impossible to get a poor man or woman who cannot afford such fees sterilized in a General Hospital. This fact has been borne out in a concrete case of a man afflicted with a hereditary skeletal deformity whose sterilization the Society was recently instrumental in bringing about.

In the course of the past year, a large number of lectures upon the Society's proposals have been given by Mrs. Hodson, Miss Pocock, and the General Secretary. The Society's proposals invariably meet with keen support from audiences of working men and women.

At a debate in the Cambridge Union held on February 9th, the General Secretary spoke in favour of the following motion:—

"That this House would welcome immediate legislation to correct the present dysgenic effects of the law relating to the sterilization of mental defectives."

The motion was carried by 137 votes to 35. On February 25th Mr. and Mrs. Hussey kindly organised a drawing-room meeting at Scotney Castle at which were present many persons holding important administrative and social positions in the county of Kent. The Society's proposals were put forward by Lady Askwith and the General Secretary and a resolution supporting them was carried practically unanimously.

Immediately before Major Church introduced his bill, the Society produced a pamphlet entitled "Better Unborn" with the following contents: a list of authentic cases of persons with hereditary defects who transmitted such defects to their offspring, the text of Major Church's Bill, and a collection of opinions on the bill expressed by a number of influential and well-known persons. The Society wishes again to express its indebtedness to Lord Riddell for meeting the expenses of producing this pamphlet.

BRITISH ASSOCIATION CENTENARY MEETING.

This meeting, held between September 23rd and 30th 1931, was notable from the point of view of the Society for the number of papers devoted to Eugenics.

The following communications were read.

"Eugenics and Education," by Professor R. Ruggles Gates, F.R.S.

"The Eugenic Approach to Anthropology," by Captain G. H. L. F. Pitt-Rivers.

"The Rôle of Genetics in the Future of Preventive Medicine," by Dr. C. P. Blacker.

Professor Gates' and Dr. Blacker's papers were published in the January 1932 number of the *Eugenics Review*, and that of Captain Pitt-Rivers will appear in the May 1932 issue of "Human Biology."

Papers and speeches touching less directly upon Eugenics were given by Dr. R. A. Fisher, Professor J. S. Huxley, Professor F. A. E. Crew, Professor E. W. MacBride and others. It will be seen that the Society was well represented.

INVESTIGATION OF SOCIAL PROBLEM GROUP.

The General Secretary will edit a book on the above subject. It will consist of a number of different contributions by authorities with special knowledge of the sub-groups of the Social Problem Group, in which an answer will be sought to the question as to the extent to which the families which procreate the different sub-groups are appreciably below the average. This book will provide an indication of the directions in which research may, in the future, most usefully be prosecuted in order to define our knowledge of this all-important subject.

Mr. D. Caradog Jones, who has been conducting an investigation into social conditions of the Merseyside has further drawn up a questionnaire which, if used by persons carrying out social surveys, will yield data about the Social Problem Group. If this questionnaire is used by a sufficient number of persons engaged upon such

investigations, it should fulfil the double purpose of providing valuable material for analysis, and of spreading interest in this question among persons whose collaboration would be of the utmost use to the Society. It is hoped that by the time this Report is published, these questionnaires may be obtainable from the Society.

PROPAGANDA.

The following have spoken for the Society in the course of the year under review:

Dr. Aikman, once.
 Lt.-Col. G. J. Stoney Archer, once.
 Lady Askwith, twice.
 Dr. Blacker, six times.
 Dr. Bond, once.
 Lady Chambers, once.
 Mrs. Grant Duff, twice.
 Professor Ruggles Gates, once.
 Mrs. Henderson, twice.
 Mrs. Hodson, ninety times.
 Captain Pitt-Rivers, three times.
 Miss Pocock, one hundred and six times.

Total 216. This is an increase of 64 lectures on last year.

A large proportion of Miss Pocock's lectures have been delivered to Women's Co-operative Guilds, and to other audiences mainly composed of working women. To her is to be attributed a large measure of the credit for a Resolution adopted by a two to one majority in June, 1931, at the Women's Co-operative Guild Congress. This Resolution, which favoured the legalising of Compulsory Eugenic Sterilization, went beyond the demands of the Society. It is notoriously difficult to assess the value of propaganda. This Resolution is a valuable proof of the acceptability of the principles of Eugenics to persons of Labour persuasion. It is just as great a catastrophe, perhaps even a greater, for the wife of a working man to bear a child afflicted with a hereditary disease as it is for an inhabitant of Mayfair.

In the year under review, Mrs. Hodson and the General Secretary have between them addressed six branches of the British Medical Association.

OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE SOCIETIES.

Oxford Society. Three meetings have been held in the past year:

November, 1931, Mr. Frank Gray, 'Hereditry and Environment as a Cause of Vagrancy.'

February, 1932, Mr. F. K. Woods, 'Practical Eugenics in Zululand.'

March, 1932, Dr. John R. Baker, 'The Sperm.'

The Society now has a membership of about 130 and a committee of 8 persons, of which Professor E. B. Poulton is the President.

Cambridge Society. The following meetings have been held:—

Monday, November 9th, Dr. A. F. Tredgold 'Eugenics and Environment.'

Monday, November 16th, Dr. F. Douglas Turner, 'Mental Deficiency.'

Monday, November 30th, Dr. C. J. Bond, 'Bad Breeding—A modern Problem.'

In the present year the Society was also addressed by Captain G. H. L. F. Pitt-Rivers and Mrs. Sargent Florence. The President of the Society is Mr. M. S. Pease and it now has over sixty undergraduate members.

RESEARCH.

The time available since the last report has been spent in preparing Mr. Lidbetter's research data for publication.

Arrangements have been made with Messrs. Edward Arnold & Co., for the publication of the first volume of pedigrees, and it is hoped that this volume will be published later in the present year. The diagrams have been re-drawn by a skilled draftsman and work is now proceeding in the preparation of the statistical and letterpress (descriptive) material.

W. E. Bentall, Esq.
Brig. Gen. C. F. Blane.
Sir Byrom Bramwell, M.D., F.R.C.P.
Sir George Curtis, K.C.S.I.
M. L. Delafield, Esq., F.R.M.S.
Professor J. A. Lindsay, M.D., F.R.C.P.
Professor W. C. McIntosh, F.R.S.
J. S. N. Roche, Esq.
R. Wright, Esq.

An analysis is presented of the Society's Register for the period April 1931 to March 1932 :

				Life Fellows	Fellows	Members	Total
Total, March 1931	..	..	..	65	358	287	710
Elections 1931-32	..	..	..	1	30	51	82
				<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
				66	388	338	792
<i>Less:</i>							
Deceased	..	..	..	2	6	1	9
Resigned	..	..	..		19	27	46
				<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total March 1932	..	..	..	64	363	310	737
Affiliated Societies	..	..	..		1	2	
Increase in Fellows and Members,							

Eugenics Society.

"Eugenics is the study of agencies, under social control, that may improve or impair the racial qualities of future generations, either physically or mentally."

Francis Galton.

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